

# Material Safety Data Sheet



Date of issue 20 May 2011  
Version 30

## 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : PITTHANE ULTRA COMPONENT B  
**Code** : 95-819  
**Supplier** : PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272  
**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)  
**Technical Phone Number** : 1-800-441-9695 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm EST)

## 2. Hazards identification

**Emergency overview** : WARNING!  
CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY AND SKIN REACTION. SKIN CONTACT TO ISOCYANATE MONOMER MAY LEAD TO ALLERGIC LUNG REACTION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION.  
Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** : May be harmful if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat. May cause sensitization by inhalation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.  
**Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed.  
**Skin** : Moderately irritating to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**Eyes** : Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability.

**Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing respiratory and skin disorders may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Isocyanic acid, hexamethylene ester, polymers	28182-81-2	60 - 100
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	822-06-0	0.1 - 1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4 . First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.
- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

**Flammability of the product** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
Hydrogen cyanide (HCN).  
Cyanate and isocyanate.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Special provisions** : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Name	Result	ACGIH	OSHA	Ontario	Mexico	PPG
Isocyanic acid, hexamethylene ester, polymers	TWA	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	TWA	0.01 ppm	Not established	0.01 ppm	Not established	Not established

### Key to abbreviations

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak  
 ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.  
 C = Ceiling Limit  
 F = Fume  
 IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit  
 OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.  
 R = Respirable  
 Z = OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

S = Potential skin absorption  
 SR = Respiratory sensitization  
 SS = Skin sensitization  
 STEL = Short term Exposure limit values  
 TD = Total dust  
 TLV = Threshold Limit Value  
 TWA = Time Weighted Average

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

- Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

<b>Hygiene measures</b>	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
<b>Personal protection</b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	: Chemical splash goggles.
<b>Hands</b>	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
<b>Gloves</b>	: butyl rubber
<b>Respiratory</b>	: By spraying: air-fed respirator. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
<b>Skin</b>	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
<b>Restrictions on use</b>	: Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 166.11°C (331°F)
<b>Color</b>	: Not available.
<b>Odor</b>	: Not available.
<b>pH</b>	: Not available.
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
<b>Melting/freezing point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Specific gravity</b>	: 1.17
<b>Density ( lbs / gal )</b>	: 9.76
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: 0 kPa (0 mm Hg) [20°C]
<b>Vapor density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Volatility</b>	: 0% (v/v), 0% (w/w)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: 0 (butyl acetate = 1)
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	: Not available.
<b>% Solid. (w/w)</b>	: 100

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

<b>Stability</b>	: The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols. The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide. In closed containers, pressure buildup could result in distortion, expansion and, in extreme cases, bursting of the container. Avoid increased storage temperature. Pressure hazard
<b>Materials to avoid</b>	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, strong acids, strong alkalis

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Cyanate and isocyanate.

**Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isocyanic acid, hexamethylene ester, polymers hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	18500 mg/m3	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.71 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.57 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	151 mg/m³	4 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures


## 14 . Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Additional information
UN	None.	Not regulated.	None.	-	-
IMDG	None.	Not regulated.	None.	-	-
DOT	None.	Not regulated.	None.	-	-

PG\* : Packing group

Reportable quantity RQ : CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg);

## 15. Regulatory information


United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.  
 Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.  
 Canada inventory (DSL) : All components are listed or exempted.  
 China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.  
 Europe inventory (REACH) : Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.  
 Japan inventory (ENCS) : All components are listed or exempted.  
 Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.  
 New Zealand (NZIoC) :  All components are listed or exempted.  
 Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted.

### United States

#### U.S. Federal regulations :







 SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.

 SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

 SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: No products were found.

 CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg);

#### SARA 311/312 MSDS Distribution - Chemical Inventory - Hazard Identification:

Chemical name	CAS #	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Pressure
 Isocyanic acid, hexamethylene ester, polymers	28182-81-2	Y	N	N	Y	N
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	822-06-0	Y	N	N	Y	N
Product as-supplied :		Y	 N	 N	 Y	 N

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

### Mexico

#### Classification

Flammability : 1 Health : 3 Reactivity : 1

## 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 1

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flammability : 1 Instability : 1

Date of previous issue : 8/25/2010.

Organization that prepared the MSDS : EHS

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

## 16 . Other information

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*